

CLAIMS:

1. A circuit for reducing the number of bits in a data value, the circuit comprising:

a first summing circuit configured to add an error offset value and one or more MSBs of said bit data value to produce a result data value;

5 a control circuit configured to generate a dither offset value;

an error feedback circuit configured to receive one or more LSBs of said result data value and generate an error value dependent on said LSBs;

a second summing circuit configured to add said dither offset value and said error value to provide said error offset value; and

10 a processor configured to selectively control generation of said dither offset value and said error value.

2. The circuit according to claim 1, wherein said data value is representative of a pixel data for display on a video display screen.

3. The circuit according to claim 2, wherein said control circuit comprises:

a dither generating circuit configured to generate said dither offset value in response to the LSBs of each of a first and second coordinates of said pixel data represented by said data value.

4. The circuit according to claim 3, wherein:

said dither generating circuit comprises first and second inputs; and

said control circuit comprises:

a first coordinate counter for counting through said first coordinates from

5 a first initial value and applying the LSBs of each said first coordinates to said first input of said dither generating circuit; and

a second coordinate counter for counting through said second coordinates from a second initial value and applying the LSBs of each said second coordinates to said second input of said dither generating circuit, wherein each of said first and second coordinate counters comprises a reset input for resetting to said first and second initial values in response to receipt of a respective reset signal.

5. The circuit according to claim 4, wherein:

said first counter reset signal comprises a horizontal synchronization signal; and

said second counter reset signal comprises a vertical synchronization signal.

6. The circuit according to claim 5, wherein said horizontal synchronization signal is further configured to increment said second coordinate counter.

7. The circuit according to claim 1, wherein said processor is further configured to generate a preselected concealment type signal for controlling generation of said dither offset value and said error value.

8. The circuit according to claim 7, wherein said control circuit further comprises:

a dither offset generating circuit operable to generate said dither offset value in dependence on said preselected concealment type signal; and

5 an inhibit circuit for inhibiting said error value in response to said preselected concealment type signal.

9. The circuit according to claim 1, further comprising:

a truncation circuit for truncating said data value to a predetermined bit value and applying said predetermined bit value to said first summing circuit.

10. The circuit according to claim 1, further comprising:

a limit circuit for receiving a first MSBs from said first summing circuit and generating a bit output of a value in response to the value of the MSB of said first MSBs.

11. A method of applying error concealment to the reduction of a data value, comprising the steps of:

(A) receiving a series of successive data values;

(B) generating a respective error offset value for each of said data values; and

5 (C) adding each of said error offset values to a MSBs of the next following data value to produce a respective result value.

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12. The method according to claim 11, wherein step (B) further comprises the sub-steps of:

(B-1) generating a dither offset value for each of said data values;

(B-2) generating an error value from LSBs of the previous result value; and

5 (B-3) summing said dither offset value and said error value to produce said error offset value.

13. The method according to claim 11, wherein said data value is representative of a pixel data for display on a video display screen.

14. The method according to claim 13, wherein step (B) further comprises:

generating said dither offset value in response to the LSBs of each of first and second coordinates of said pixel data represented by said data value.

15. The method according to claim 14, wherein said dither offset value is a function of the LSBs of each said first and second coordinate of said pixel data.

16. The method according to claim 15, wherein step (B) further comprises:

counting through said first coordinates from a first initial value;

counting through said second coordinates from a second initial value; and

5 generating said dither offset values in response to the LSBs of each said first and second coordinates.

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17. The method according to claim 16, wherein:

said first coordinate is reset by a horizontal synchronization signal;

said second coordinate is reset by a vertical synchronization signal.

18. The method according to claim 12, wherein step (B) further comprises:

generating a preselected concealment type signal for controlling generation of said dither offset value and said error value.

19. The method according to claim 11, wherein step (C) further comprises:

generating a bit output of a value dependent on the value of the MSB of said result value.

20. The method according to claim 12, wherein step (B) further comprises:

generating a concealment type signal; and

generating said dither offset value in dependence on said concealment type signal.